(LIIId YEAR.) THE (No. 2679.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MAY 17, 1798.

PERSIA, *October* 26.

THE diſturbances which aroſe on account of the ſucceſſion of the throne were of but ſhort duration, and Perſia again appears to enjoy the bleſſings of peace. Baba Chan, nephew of the late eunuch, whoſe memory is vowed to everlaſting execration, met but few obſtacles in aſcending the throne. Supported by an army of 60,000 men, and maſter of immenſe riches, which he inherited from his uncle, he has hitherto triumphed over all his rivals: Sadi Ghan, the moſt formidable among them, laid down their arms, having been twice defeated, and ſubmitted. Baba Chan made him governor of an important province. All unite in commending Baba Chan our new ſovereign.

FRANCFORT, *March* 10.

We have news of importance from Baſle (Switzerland.) The French and the troops of Bern and Solothurn have had three bloody battles near Niddan, Lengnau, and Dornbach. Moſt of the families of conſequence have left Bern for Luzerne. The Switzers fought courageouſly, but were overcome by the French. At Lengnau, they loſt 8 cannon, and had 200 priſoners made, many of whom were officers. In another battle, they loſt upwards of 1000 men, and ſome hundreds ſprung into the ſea.

It has been ſaid here that Solothurn was given into the hands of the French through treachery of the commandant.

BRUSSELS, *February* 20.

The ſolemn incorporation of the little republic of Muhrhauzen with France did take place laſt decadi, the 30th Pluvioſe, (February 18). The people of Muhrhauzen having freely ſolicited the incorporation, they were allowed very advantageous terms, or rather, every favour was granted them which they choſe to aſk for. The young men of that city and its territory will not be ſubject to requiſition, for the ſpace of one year. The public buildings and other property, is ſecured to the inhabitants who may diſpoſe of it at their pleaſure, and ſhall never be claimed as national property, &c.

At a dinner lately given by citizen Viſconti, one of the Ciſalpine ambaſſadors gave the following toaſt: The ſix directors of the ſix ſiſter republics, one and indiviſible, viz. the Batavian, Ciſalpine, French, Helvetian, Ligurian and Roman.

CADIZ, *February* 16.

On the 11th our fleet returned into port, after convoying a number of veſſels for America to a ſufficient diſtance. One of the ſhips is not, however, yet arrived; it is expected daily. It is ſaid that the Britiſh admiral was informed, by a frigate being ſent off with the news, of the ſailing of this fleet, in 26 hours, and that he ſailed in ſeven hours with fourteen ſhips to join ten that were cruiſing off Cadiz. Hearing of this diſpatch, an advice veſſel was ſent off after admiral Mazaredo to give him the information that he might return to port as ſoon as poſſible. Admiral Mazaredo was very ſick whilſt at ſea.

PARIS, *March* 5.

On opening the papers arrived from Rome, a ſmall iron cheſt was found, which contained a number of important correſpondence.

The famous Gregoire has addreſſed the Grand Inquiſitor of Spain on the ſubject of the Spaniſh Inquiſition. He recommends its annihilation.

Government here publiſhed a notice to the following effect: The French are forbidden in England. Buonaparte remarks that an undertaking which has been hitherto carried on with ſo much earneſtneſs, muſt be continued with all poſſible exertion, that the Britiſh miniſtry may at laſt open their eyes to the danger which threatens them, and perhaps that pride, which has hitherto prevented it, may ſuffer a peace to be concluded upon juſt and honourable conditions.

The commiſſioner of government at Calais has thus written to the miniſter of the Interior: "I hold it ſufficiently important to give you the information that the citoyenne Fournier, on the 12th ult. was delivered of ſix living children, three boys and three girls, but which died ſoon after they were born."

Megnaud has demanded a paſſage for 6000 French through Baſle, and threatens in caſe of refuſal to uſe force to obtain it, and to garriſon the place. Bern continues her military operations: all young men of 14 and upwards are put in arms; the peaſants mean to ſupport the government with all their might, and the women aſſiſt at the building of the forts; proviſions are plenty; the force expected amounts to 200,000 men.

LONDON, *March* 17.

By the laſt accounts from Sir R. Strachan, who is now blocking up the port of Havre, it appears that there are 9 frigates and corvettes in that port ready to put to ſea. There are alſo a very conſiderable number of gun boats, but nothing goes in or comes out ſince Sir Richard's ſquadron has remained off that port.

From Breſt we learn, that there are 20 ſail of the line in that port, of which 18 are ſuppoſed to be fit for ſea, and of theſe 9 were ready to ſail at a moment's warning. The Berwick, of 74 guns, with 10 frigates, was in the outer harbour with ſails bent, on the 4th of this month, and the whole ſeemed to be preparing for ſea, but we have not heard that any of theſe veſſels have yet come out.

The great burgh of Siſtova, where peace had formerly been concluded between the emperor and the grand ſignior, has been taken from the rebels by the Turkiſh troops.

Yeſterday government iſſued a proclamation, offering a reward of 200l. to be paid by the lords of his majeſty's treaſury, for the apprehenſion of Robert Thomas Croſsfield, charged on ſuſpicion of being guilty of high treaſon. Croſsfield is the ſame perſon who was in cuſtody ſome time ſince for having cauſed a poiſoned dart to be made, which it was ſuppoſed was intended to have been thrown at the king when in the theatre.

Admiralty-Office, March 17.

Copy of a letter from Sir John Borlaſe Warren, K. B. to Evan Nepean, Eſquire.

Canada, off Iſle Dieu, March 8.

SIR,

I take the liberty of acquainting you, that this morning a convoy of the enemy was diſcovered within Iſle Dieu, to whom I immediately gave chace with his majeſty's ſhips under my orders; but the breeze dying away, I made the ſignal for the boats of my ſquadron to chace, and I have the ſatisfaction to inform you, that the veſſels mentioned in the encloſed liſt were captured by them. A ſchooner gun veſſel and an armed lugger eſcaped into the Fromentine Paſſage, near the Iſland of Normentier.

Two of the prizes are numbered, and laden with naval ſtores for the armament equipping at Breſt for the expedition againſt England; the reſt have wine and brandy for their cargoes, and were bound from Rochefort to the above port.

I have the honour, &c.

J. B. WARREN.

A liſt of veſſels captured by the ſquadron under the orders of Sir J. B. Warren, Bart. K. B.

A brig from Rochefort, bound to Breſt.

A brig from ditto to ditto, numbered and laden with naval ſtores, as tranſports.

A brig from Rochefort, bound to Breſt.

A brig from ditto to ditto.

A brig from ditto to ditto.

A brig from ditto to ditto.

A brig from ditto to ditto, laden with wine and brandy.

A Chaſſe Maree, from Rochefort, bound to Breſt.

A Chaſſe Maree, from ditto to ditto.

A Chaſſe Maree, from ditto to ditto, laden with wine and brandy.

A Chaſſe Maree, from ditto to ditto, laden wine and brandy, burnt, being on ſhore.

(Signed) JOHN WARREN.

March 19.

On Saturday morning Mr. Fabiani and Mr. Hyde, two of his majeſty's meſſengers, arrived in town with diſpatches from the lord lieutenant of Ireland, which are extremely intereſting. The mail arrived at the ſame time. The following are the advices we have received:

Extract from the Freeman's Journal of the 13th inſt.

"Yeſterday at 11 o'clock, one of his majeſty's meſſengers, attended by a civil and military power, proceeded to the houſe of Mr. Oliver Bond, in Bridge-ſtreet, upon an information which had been received by government, that the provincial committee of the United Iriſhmen of Leinſter were to aſſemble there for the purpoſe of treaſon.

"A committee of 14 delegates were found ſitting, and immediately taken into cuſtody; and many material papers, containing proofs of a ſerious nature, were found upon them. Mr. Bond was not in the room of the meeting; but papers affecting him are ſaid to have been found in his pocket. We have not yet received a liſt of the delegates, nor any particulars of their examination.

"At the ſame time, we underſtand, Dr. M'Nevin was apprehended at his lodgings near the Four Courts, and counſellor Emmet in Stephen's Green. John Sweetman in Francis-ſtreet, and Henry Jackſon and ſon in Church-ſtreet. Warrants are alſo ſaid to have been iſſued for apprehending Richard M'Cormick, counſellor Sampſon, and lord Edward Fitzgerald. Lord Edward was miſſed by the perſon who had the warrant againſt him, though he appeared in many parts of the town—The others are not diſcovered.

"The murder of Mr. Buckley, a gentleman reſiding in the neighbourhood of Naas, adds one more to the horrid aſſaſſinations which diſgrace this country."

The above information is confirmed by private letters, except in the inſtance of counſellor Emmet, who has fled; and ſo has counſellor Sampſon and lord Edward Fitzgerald.

The following extract of a private letter gives ſome further intereſting particulars:

"We have been in great diſmay and conſternation during the laſt twenty-four hours. Yeſterday a party of military ſearched Leinſter houſe for lord Edward Fitzgerald, who had been ſeen walking in the ſtreets at his eaſe only a ſhort time before; but the ſearch was in vain as he had eſcaped.—While the military were ſearching Leinſter houſe, Oliver Bond, and 16 others, were taken up as they were ſitting in council, and were conducted under a ſtrong guard, to the caſtle. As the lord chancellor was returning from thence to his carriage which was in the ſtreet, the mob outſide, who were numerous, cloſed round him ſo as to prevent his paſſing; on which, one of the attendants requeſted him to ſtep into a ſhop till the crowd was diſperſed. This he refuſed to do, and putting his hands into his pockets, he drew out a piſtol from each, and holding them in his hands, declared he would ſhoot the firſt man that obſtructed his paſſage.—On this the mob gave way, and opened to the right and left, leaving him room to paſs to his carriage, which he did without further obſtruction. About five o'clock his lordſhip walked through the ſtreets alone, ſhewing a preſence of mind and a degree of courage, which has always characteriſed him.

"Every day brings further accounts of new murders; and the report has been very general here, that St. Patrick's day was marked for the deſtruction of the well affected, and of every perſon immediately connected with government. The yeomanry corps had charge of this city, while the regulars were in ſearch of the conſpirators. But ſeveral perſons have eſcaped, and it is feared that many papers which could have thrown a light on the conſpiracy, have been deſtroyed. Thoſe who are taken up have been lodged ſome at Kilmainham gaol, and others at the cuſtom houſe.

"I am happy to ſay that Sir Henry Mannix, who was reported to be dead, is recovering, and likely to do well.

"It is ſaid that lord Edward Fitzgerald eſcaped by jumping out of a window, and that he was ſeen to take the road to Manawar; but it is not thought that he can eſcape the kingdom."

On the receipt of the above advices, a council was ſummoned at lord Grenville's office, which ſat four hours in the evening; and yeſterday, when the ſervice of the chapel royal was over, a council of the cabinet miniſters was held on the affairs of Ireland, at which the duke of Portland, earls of Chatham, Spencer, and Weſtmoreland, the lord chancellor, and Mr. Windham attended. The deliberations (which had been previouſly diſcuſſed the preceding night at lord Grenville's office,) continued about 20 minutes; after which, the duke of Portland and the lord chancellor had a conference with the king till 4 o'clock, and in the evening Mr. Hyde, the meſſenger, was ſent back to Dublin caſtel, with orders to uſe all poſſible expedition.

The following circumſtances relative to the news from Ireland, are ſent us by a correſpondent:

The advices are of a very ſerious and alarming nature, and contain an account of the diſcovery of a moſt horrid plot to ſacrifice the kingdom to the views of the French republic.

In conſequence of the evidence which had been produced from papers found in the poſſeſſion of the perſons now in cuſtody in this country, by which were alſo implicated many perſons in Ireland, government thought it adviſeable to direct their apprehenſion.

Warrants were accordingly iſſued, and the houſe of Mr. Bond ſearched, where 16 perſons were apprehended and their papers ſeized. Lord Edward Fitzgerald was in the houſe at the time, but there being no warrant for his apprehenſion, he could not then be taken into cuſtody, and thereby eſcaped.

The papers ſeized are ſaid to be of a moſt treaſonable nature, no leſs than to give up the country to the French. The day fixed upon was Saturday laſt, the anniverſary of St. Patrick, which being kept as a feſtival, it was imagined that advantage could be taken of the inebriety of the people; and an attempt was to be made to ſeize all the principal officers of government. It was expected that the French would have a force ready to operate with the Iriſh rebels, and thus decide the revolution by a "coupe de main."

Mr. Pyle and Mr. Major arrived in town yeſterday morning from Ireland, with further diſpatches. Lord Edward Fitzgerald had not been taken when they left Ireland.

It was laſt night currently reported, that the kingdom of Ireland was put under martial law.

NEW-YORK, *May* 4.

We learn from the town of Bern, above Albany, that on the 21ſt April, a man, by the name of Lemuel

Olmstead, of Rensselaerville, was found in the field, hanging by a silk handkerchief, dead and partly devoured by animals. On inquiry it was found, that this unfortunate man had absconded from his family about the beginning of winter, perfectly deranged in his senses, and had been sought after ever since without success. Several curious circumstances are related of him, among which it is said, his mind was harrassed with what he called "revelations," he thought it his duty "to kill his eldest child," by divine order—the child was removed, and he absconded. He bore a good character, and was industrious; has left a wife and three children; it is thought the fatal deed was done by himself. (Argus.)

PHILADELPHIA, *May 7.*

On Saturday, the house of representatives of the United States went into a committee of the whole on the report of the commmitte of ways and means, proposing a direct tax on lands, houses and slaves. The resolutions recommended by the committee of ways and means were agreed upon, after the blank was filled with two millions, and an amendment adopted, proposed by Mr. DAYTON (the speaker) to limit the apportionment of the tax according to the last census, only until a new one can be taken, and providing that a new census ought to be immediately made of the inhabitants of the several states agreeably to the constitution. The committee rose, and reported their agreement to the resolutions, when Mr. D. FOSTER moved to strike out the word *annually* (which if carried would have the effect to confine the tax to one year, unless the act was at the expiration of that time continued.) This motion gave rise to a debate which occupied the remainder of the sitting, and upon which no question was taken; for the debate having continued till past three, a motion was made to adjourn and carried.—The motion was supported by Messrs. Gallatin, and R. Williams, and opposed by Messrs. Sitgreaves, S. Smith, Harper, and Otis.

The dispatches from our envoys at Paris communicated to congress on Friday, consist of a letter dated February 7, which enclosed a copy of a memorial to the minister of foreign relations, delivered on the 31st January—This memorial is lengthy, and contains a discussion of all the subjects of dispute between the French government and that of the United States.

In the letter of the 7th February our envoys say, "We have not yet received any answer to this communication, and should no notice be taken of it in a few days we shall apply in a more explicit manner for our passports."

Annapolis, May 17.

Philadelphia, May 5th, 1798.

SIR,

BY direction of the president of the United States, I herewith transmit to you his answer to the address of the citizens of Annapolis.

I have the honour to be,
Your obedient servant,
SAM. B. MALCOM.

NICHOLAS CARROLL, Esq;

To the CITIZENS of ANNAPOLIS, in the State of Maryland.

GENTLEMEN,

I am sensible of the honour done to me, and the service to the public, by your unanimous address.

The voluntary acknowledgment of freemen of the blessings they enjoy under a government of their own institution and election, may safely be believed to be sincere. With you, gentlemen, I wish to perpetuate these blessings to the latest posterity; but the fate of Venice cannot fail to remind us of the frailty of all human institutions, and of the necessity of constant vigilance, fortitude and valour, in defence of them, while it calls to our minds the esto perpetua of its great patriot and historian, Father Paul.

With you I consider, with astonishment and indignation, the repeated and persevering contempt and insolence with which our ambassadors to the French Directory have been treated; no kind of justification or apology can be made for it.

You do no more than justice to the executive authority of the United States, in believing that it has maintained an impartial neutrality, and that it has sedulously and faithfully endeavoured to cultivate the friendship of France.

Your determination to support the measures which government may adopt for the protection of commerce, the defence of the country, and in vindication of the insulted rights of an independent nation, is consistent with the character of virtuous citizens and zealous patriots.

I agree with you, that war is preferable to any base submission; nor is it possible that submission itself should avoid war.

Although the sagacity of the French nation is equal to its courage, we must consider the powers that be, as their representatives, until they shall determine otherwise; nor will prudence permit us to trust the safety of our country to precarious and contingent events.

The applause of the citizens of Annapolis is very flattering to me.—My aversion to war, which to me, personally, could bring in its train neither pleasure, profit nor glory, nor any other effect than an incessant anxiety, and unremitted labour, may easily be believed.—Yet I cannot sacrifice the honour or essential rights of my country, even at the shrine of peace, but especially when it is obvious that such sacrifices could produce nothing but war.

I have the most confident reliance on the support of the American people, their good sense, their discernment of their true interests, their firm and deliberate courage; nor will I entertain a doubt, that under the protection of Divine Providence these virtues and talents will preserve them.

JOHN ADAMS.

United States, May 4, 1798.

To be SOLD,
Two HORSES, and
A good BOAT.

H. STIER.

Annapolis, May, 1798.

DR. SHAAFF,

At the solicitation of some friends,

PURPOSES to commence inoculation for the SMALL-POX the ensuing week: but, in the adoption of this measure, will be regulated by the general wish of the citizens.

Wednesday, May 16, 1798.

BY AUTHORITY.

THEATRE.

On FRIDAY EVENING, May 18th, 1798,
Will be acted the favourite Comedy of The

BUSY BODY: Or,

A School for Guardians.

After the play Mrs. Douglas will sing "The Wedding Day."

An Interlude will be presented, called

THE KIDNAPPER: Or,

Plantation Preferment.

Mr. M'Grath will introduce his PATRIOTIC HIBERNICISM, called,

PADDY FROM FRANCE.

To which will be added Foote's humorous Farce of

The Mayor of Garrat: Or,

The Humours of the Militia.

BOX TICKETS at One Dollar, PIT TICKETS, at Three Quarters of a Dollar, to be had at Mr. Crist's Hotel, the Ticket-office, and at the Printing-office. No money taken at the doors of admission, nor any persons allowed behind the scenes.

The curtain to be raised at seven o'clock.

CH. C. M'GRATH.

MR. BATES

Respectfully informs the ladies and gentlemen of Annapolis his second performance, at the Ball-Room, will be on Monday evening, May 21st.

Particulars will be expressed in future bills.

In CHANCERY, May 10, 1798.

ON application to the chancellor, by petition in writing, of CHARLES SHANKS, of St. Mary's county, praying the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at the last session, on the terms therein mentioned, and a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, so far as he can ascertain the same, on oath, being annexed to his petition, and the chancellor being satisfied, by competent testimony, that the said Charles Shanks is, and the time of passing the said act was, a citizen of the United States, and of this state, and the said Charles Shanks, at the time of presenting his petition, having produced to the chancellor the assent in writing of so many of his creditors as have due to them, according to the list aforesaid, the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the time of passing the said act; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that the said Charles Shanks, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted three weeks successively in the Maryland Gazette before the tenth day of June next, give notice to his creditors to appear in the chancery-office, at eleven o'clock, on the 22d day of June next, for the purpose of recommending some person to be trustee for their benefit, on the said Charles Shanks then and there taking the oath prescribed for delivering up his property.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

CAME to the subscriber's, living on the road that leads from Annapolis to Frederick-town, about twenty miles from Annapolis, on Monday the seventh day of this month, two stray HORSES, one a dark sorrel, about nine years old, fifteen hands high, trots, paces, racks, and canters, has no perceivable brand, the off hind foot is white, he is shod all round. The other a white horse, fourteen hands high, fourteen years old, paces, trots, and canters, has some saddle marks on the ridge of his back, and no other perceivable mark or brand, shod all round. The owner or owners may have them again on proving property and paying charges.

w 3 WILLIAM STEUART.

May 10, 1798.

FOR SALE,
Taylor's Landing Warehouse,

On Patuxent river, near Queen-Anne.

For terms apply to DANIEL CLARKE, of Prince-George's county, or
DANIEL CLARKE, jun.
of Frederick-town.

May 8, 1798. w4

TO BE SOLD,
A pair of stout bay HORSES,

They are well broke, well matched in strength and spirit, and perfectly gentle.

DAVID LYNN.

West river, May 5, 1798. w3

CASH given for Clean Linen and Cotton RAGS,
At the Printing-Office.

F. M. De Lalandelle,

INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has purchased the stock in trade of WILLIAM ALEXANDER, in Annapolis, consisting of DRY and WET GOODS and GROCERIES, to which he has made considerable additions, and waited only for the spring arrivals to complete an extensive assortment, he hopes to give every satisfaction to all those who will honour him with their custom. He has also for sale,

A mulatto man, about 42 years old, who is an excellent hand at any plantation work, is a very good rough carpenter, understands making tobacco hogsheads, may also do very well to tend a grist-mill for country custom. Also,

A negro lad, about 18, who can do any kind of plantation work, has been used to take care of horses. They are sold for no fault, but merely for want of employment.

Edward J. Pryse,

Saddler and Harness-maker,

Church-street.

AFTER returning his sincere thanks for the generous patronage of his friends, and soliciting a continuance of their favours, begs leave to inform them and the public in general, that he still continues to carry on the above business in all its various branches, and that he is now supplied with the best materials for that purpose. He hath now in employ some of the best workmen on the continent, and promises that all those who honour him with their commands, may rely on having their work executed in the best and neatest manner. Orders from the country will be thankfully received and duly attended to.

N. B. Two apprentices wanted to the above business.

Annapolis, May 10, 1798.

WAS committed to Kent county gaol, on the 10th of February last, a negro man, who says he belongs to a Mr. LAW, of the Federal City, and calls himself ESQUIRE, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, blue round jacket, and white trousers, very black complexion, shews his teeth when he talks, and is a lively fellow. If his owner does not take him away in thirty days from the date hereof he will be sold for his prison fees, as this is the third time he has been advertised.

w 3 BENJAMIN HATCHESON, Sheriff of Kent county.

May 4, 1798.

THE subscriber has for sale several NEGROES, two as valuable house carpenters and joiners as any in the state, the others women, some with children, and others without. For terms apply to

THOMAS HARWOOD, of Annapolis.

May 1, 1798. tf

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in common used to house work, she is a very good spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit; she has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

February 8, 1798.

Maryland, St. Mary's county, March 12, 1798.

CAME to my plantation near Chaptico, a small bay HORSE, ten or twelve years old, twelve and an half hands high, branded on the near buttock with a crooked mark something like the letter F, a white spot on his off hind foot, a natural pacer. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

w 3 ELIAS GATTEN.

MOSES MACCUBBIN,

Ladies and Gentlemens Hair-Dreſſer, and Perfumer,

Conduit-ſtreet, oppoſite to Mrs. Mann's,

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT of

The following Articles, viz.

Elegant Powder-Horns,

And

Tortoiſe ſhell Combs.

HAIR-POWDER,

Marſhalle, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Common.

POMATUMS, SOFT and HARD.

Roſe, Franchiſpane, Marſhalle, Lemon, Bergamot, Lavender, Vanille, Millifleur, Violet, Jeſſamine, Thyme and Orange.

An infallible pomatum that will nouriſh the hair, make it grow thick and long, and preſerve it to extreme old age.

SOAPS,

Patent Windſor, Violet, Jeſſamine, chymical, patent cakes, Liquid for ſhaving, and common.

Chymical Waſh Balls, Royal chymical patent ſoap, for rendering the arms and hands delicately white and ſoft, it prevents them from chopping or tanning, is one of the greateſt preſervers of natural bloom and beauty, and is far ſuperior to any kind of ſoap now in uſe.

Waſh Balls of the firſt quality.

ESSENCES,

Sweet-briar, Sanſpareille, Tuberoſe, Millifleur, Bergamot, Vanille, Violet, Jeſſamine, Citron, Boquet, Lavender and Lemon.

WATERS,

Double diſtilled Lavender, Hungary, Sanſpareille, and Tuberoſe.

FOR THE TEETH,

Tooth-bruſhes, tooth-powder, tooth-picks, with elegant caſes of different kinds.

FOR THE HAIR.

Pinching, craping and curling irons, powder knives, hair ſciſſars, with handſome caſes, hair riband, powder bags, ſwandown, ſilk and thread puffs, powder-boxes, tortoiſe-ſhell, ivory, and horn combs, of all kinds, and a large quantity of the beſt RUSSIA BEAR'S GREASE, that will thicken the hair, and haſten the growth thereby, nouriſh it at the roots, and prevent it from turning grey.

Milk of Roſes of the beſt quality.

Walking canes of different kinds.

A few boxes of the beſt SPANISH SEGARS.

—LIKEWISE,—

The firſt quality razors; elaſtic and Jeſſe's ſtrops, warranted; lip-ſalve; ſmelling-bottles, with ſilver tops, and a variety of other kinds; ivory and common ſhaving bruſhes; the genuine court plaſter, and a variety of dreſſing-caſes, with utenſils complete; red morocco ſhaving caſes, containing the whole apparatus for ſhaving or dreſſing; falſe-tails and braids; patent ſhoe blacking; elegant yard meaſures, with a ſmelling-bottle at the end of them; a large quantity of ſmall phials, containing different kinds of perfumes; ſhaving boxes complete; ſhoe-ſtrings; elaſtic neck-bolſters; lockets and breaſt pins of different kinds, and Starch of the beſt quality.

M. MACCUBBIN,

Actuated by a due regard to the ſacred principles of gratitude, tenders his moſt grateful thanks for that liberal patronage which a generous and indulgent public have afforded him, and he flatters himſelf that while his mind is animated by a lively ſenſe of preceding favours, his future conduct will entitle him to the claim of univerſal approbation.

To be SOLD, by order of the orphans court, on Monday the eleventh day of June next, if fair, if not the firſt fair day after, at 11 o'clock,

ALL the perſonal eſtate of JOHN PLUMMER, deceaſed, conſiſting of horſes, black cattle, hogs, plantation utenſils, houſehold furniture, and about twenty-ſeven valuable negroes, conſiſting of men, women, boys and girls, among them is a good rough carpenter, who is an excellent cooper, a remarkable good cartſman, and others very valuable for plantation buſineſs. The terms will be made known on the day of ſale.

JOHANNA PLUMMER, Executrix.

N. B. The above property will certainly be expoſed to ſale as above advertiſed.

Anne-Arundel county, near Rawlings's tavern, May 2, 1798.

John Randall,

Has for SALE, a quantity of very fine

Rhode-Iſland Potatoes,

Proper for ſeed, or table uſe; Alſo a few hogſheads

Port-au-Prince Molaſſes.

Annapolis, May 1, 1798.

FOUND adrift, at the mouth of South river, a quantity of SCANTLING. The owner may have it again on proving property and paying charges.

WILLIAM PURDIE.

May 1, 1798.

LIST of LETTERS in the Poſt-Office, Piſcataway, which, if not taken up before the firſt day of July next, will be ſent to the General Poſt-Office, as dead letters.

THE reverend Walter D. Addiſon, Oxen Hill, Anthony Addiſon, Eſq; Joſeph Berry, Charles county; Overton Carr, Eſq; P. G. county; Mr. Henry Davidſon, Piſcataway; Mr. Lancelot Davidſon, Piſcataway; Mr. William Hay, Piſcataway; Mrs. Ann Jenkins, near Piſcataway; Mr. James Fenwick Piſcataway; Mr. Richard Lanham, Piſcataway; Dennis Magruder, Broad Creek; Mr. Wm. Magruder, Magruder's Ferry; Doctor Joſeph Mudd, Charles county, 2 letters; Richard Moreland, C. C. 2 letters; Mr. Benjamin Oden, P. G. county; Joſias W. Richardſon, C. county: Wm. Richardſon, C. county; Mrs. Elizabeth Townſhend, Miſs Letty Tyler, Charles county; Mr. Wm. Tyler, ditto.

ISIDORE HARDY, P. M.

April 1, 1798.

I HEREBY forewarn perſons againſt all kinds of dealing with any of the poor within the almshouſe of this county, as I am reſolved to proſecute thoſe who in this caſe offend againſt law.

J. HUNTER, Overſeer.

Anne-Arundel county, April 27, 1798.

Charles Cook,

TAILOR,

Church-ſtreet, next door to the Printing-Office,

RETURNS his moſt ſincere and unfeigned thanks to the citizens of Annapolis, for the encouragement he has received ſince his commencing buſineſs, and begs leave to aſſure them, that he will exert himſelf to the utmoſt of his power to render ſatisfaction; thoſe gentlemen who favour him with their cuſtom, may reſt aſſured that their cloaths will be made in the neweſt and moſt faſhionable manner. He intends keeping a general pattern of clothes in his ſhop, for the inſpection of gentlemen. He is now ſupplied with a number of journeymen, gentlemen may therefore depend on their work being done with punctuality.

Annapolis, May 2, 1798.

To be RENTED,

And poſſeſſion given immediately,

THAT beautiful ſituation, in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY HILL, it contains 175 acres of land, with a moſt excellent dwelling-houſe, offices, &c. For further particulars apply to RICHARD SPRIGG, Weſt river, or

HUGH THOMPSON, Baltimore.

April 18, 1798. tf

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the firſt day of June next, if fair, or the firſt fair day after, at the farm now in the occupation of ZACHARIAH BALDWIN,

THE undivided ſixth part of the ſaid FARM, lying in Prince-George's county, and agreeable to the will of TYLER BALDWIN, deceaſed, of Anne-Arundel county. The terms of ſale for caſh.

NICHOLAS BALDWIN, Executor of TYLER BALDWIN. w†10

March 19, 1798.

BELSIZE,

A fine bay colt, riſing five years old, fifteen hands high,

STANDS this ſeaſon at Mr. SPRIGG'S farm on Weſt river, and covers at ſix dollars a mare, and 7/6 to the groom, provided the money is paid when the mare is firſt covered, or ten dollars and 7/6 to the groom if the money is not ſent with the mare. Excellent paſturage at 3/9 per week, under a good fence, but will not be anſwerable for eſcapes or any other accidents.

BELSIZE was got by the high bred imported horſe *Paymaſter*, his dam by Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, Eſq's. well known horſe *Badger*, his grand dam by col. Lloyd's *Traveller*, his great grand dam by col. Taſker's imported horſe Othello, his great great grand dam by the famous imported horſe *Old Spark*, out of the high bred imported mare Queen Mab.

The mares and money will be received and attended to by the overſeer on the farm.

Alſo covers on the ſaid farm,

DON PEDRO,

A Jack-Aſs, (got by Royal Gift) at five dollars—money ſent with the mare, or ten dollars credit, and 3/9 to the groom.

Weſt river, March 20, 1798.

FAYETTE

IS in high order, and will ſtand this ſeaſon at NEWINGTON ROPE WALK, near the city of Annapolis, and cover at ſix dollars a mare, and 7/6 to the groom, provided the money is paid when the mare firſt takes the horſe, or ten dollars, and 7/6 to the groom, if the money is not paid when the mare goes to the horſe.

Good paſturage may be had at 3/9 per week, but will not be anſwerable for accidents or eſcapes.

FAYETTE is diſtinguiſhed as a remarkable fine foal getter, his ſire and elegant figure is well known; his ſire the elegant imported horſe Venetian.

The money and mares will be received and attended to by JOSEPH TAYLOR. 5w

April 16, 1798.

COMMITTED to my cuſtody on the 11th inſtant, a negro man by the name of GEORGE, who ſays he belongs to a Mr. Jaſſe Bowen, jun. of Calvert county, State of Maryland, he is about thirty years of age, five feet five or ſix inches high, and very black, with large face, and full eyes, and chunky built; his cloathing is a long blue broad cloth coat, with white plated buttons, old thickſet jacket, white ſhirt, and caſſimer breeches, white yarn ſtockings, and old ſhoes. His maſter is deſired to come and take him away in two months from the above date, or he will be ſold for his priſon fees and other expences according to law.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

April 21, 1798.

Reed's Farm for Sale.

The ſubſcriber will SELL, at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the laſt Monday in May next, if fair, if not the firſt fair day, on the premiſes,

THAT beautiful, valuable, and well known tract of land called REED'S FARM, lying in Prince-George's county, about one quarter of a mile diſtant from the town of Nottingham. This farm (including a ſmall parcel adjoining, and to be ſold with it) will contain nearly 500 acres of land, eminent in quality, levelneſs, and all the advantages of good neighbourhood, ſuch as genteel ſociety, convenient town and mill, different places of public worſhip, navigation abounding with fiſh, oyſters and wild fowl, nearneſs of ſituation to two capital diſtilleries, and having a celebrated ſpring of its own; it lies in an oblong, but is very little longer than broad; it is remarkably adapted to the culture of tobacco, Indian corn, and every kind of ſmall grain; is capable of a conſiderable quantity of meadow ground, and has, with care, firewood enough. The buildings are only two large and excellent barns, but it affords an high, elegant, and almoſt central ſituation for habitable improvements, commanding an extenſive and delightfully variegated view down the Patuxent. The terms of ſale are as follow: a credit of four years, one fourth part of the purchaſe money to be paid in one year, with intereſt thereon, from the day of ſale, the remainder in three years. The purchaſer giving four ſeparate bonds, one conditioned for the payment of the aforeſaid one fourth part, with intereſt, and each of the reſt for the payment of one third of the remainder, on intereſt, with good ſecurity for them all. The intereſt on the whole remainder, or three bonds muſt be paid annually, and every term or condition of the ſale punctually and faithfully complied with, or the whole credit to be abſolutely forfeited, and every and each of the bonds to be ſuable immediately after the leaſt failure or want of punctuality. This beautiful farm may be viewed by application either to major BOWIE or major COX, living near it. ts

JOHN F. BOWIE.

Piſcataway, April 10, 1798.

THE PARISH of ALL HALLOWS, in Anne-Arundel county, being now vacant the VESTRY will receive applications from any epiſcopal miniſter between this and Whitſunday next.

By order,

JOHN JACOBS, Regiſter.

April 8, 1798.

The celebrated running horſe

WHISTLE JACKET,

WILL ſtand the enſuing ſeaſon to cover mares, at Mount Air, (near Piſcataway, in Maryland,) at ſixteen dollars, and a dollar to the groom, the money to be ſent with the mares, or before they are taken away. The ſeaſon to commence the fifteenth of March and will end the fifteenth of July. Good paſturage for mares at half a dollar per week, and thoſe that want their mares fed with grain will give orders, which will be complied with at a moderate price, and the greateſt care taken of them, but will not be liable for accidents or eſcapes.

EDWARD EDELEN.

March 5, 1798.

WHISTLE JACKET is elegantly formed, full ſixteen hands high, ſtrong, bony and active, diſtinguiſhed as a remarkable fine foal-getter; his ſire, Diomed, ſuppoſed to be one of the beſt running horſes in America, was a thorough bred ſon of col. Fenwick's imported Old Flimnap, which horſe covered at twenty guineas a mare; Lucy Locket, the dam of Whiſtle Jacket, was got by Belle-Air, (bred by the hon. col. Tayloe) a ſon of Moreton's Traveller, and Selima, her dam, Matchleſs, by Othello, her grand-dam, Young Cate, by Childers, her great-grand-dam, Old Creeping Cate, by the Dancing Maſter, a noted ſon of the Devonſhire Childers, her great-great-great-grand-dam was the Spaniſh mare imported by col. Churchill.

True copy, JOHN THORNTON.

Berry Plain, February 8, 1794.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be ſold at the Printing-Office,

Price, Two Dollars,

The LAWS OF MARYLAND,

Paſſed November Seſſion, 1797.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 24, 1798.

ORDERED, That the act to alter, abolish and repeal, such parts of the second, third, fourteenth and forty-second sections of the constitution and form of government, as relate to the judges, time, place and manner, of holding the several elections therein specified, the act to alter and repeal those parts of the constitution and form of government that make the commissioners of Baltimore-town judges of the elections for delegates and for elector of the senate, and the act to alter such parts of the declaration of rights, the constitution and form of government, as prevent persons conscientiously scrupulous of taking on oath from being witnesses in all cases, be published once in each week, for the term of three months successively, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Herald, at Easton, and in one of the George-town and Frederick-town papers.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the governor and council
of the State of Maryland.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, such parts of the second, third, fourteenth and forty second sections of the constitution and form of government, as relate to the judges, time, place and manner, of holding the several elections therein specified.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one place in each county of this state is attended with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from said place, and operates to deprive many persons entitled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and as it is desirable that the full, free, and fair voice of the people should be expressed in their choice of the functionaries of government,

Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the several counties of this state, for the purpose of holding all future elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, shall be divided into separate districts in the manner herein after directed, viz. Saint-Mary's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Calvert county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Charles county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Somerset county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Dorchester county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Cæcil county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Prince-George's county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Worcester county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Frederick county shall be divided and laid off into seven separate districts, Harford county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Caroline county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Washington county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Montgomery county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Allegany county shall be divided and laid off into six separate districts.

And be it enacted, That Anne-Arundel county, including the city of Annapolis, shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts.

And be it enacted, That Baltimore county, out of the limits of the city of Baltimore, shall be divided and laid off into seven districts, and that the city of Baltimore shall, at all future elections, form and constitute one district for the purpose of electing sheriffs.

And be it enacted, That all and every part of the second, third, fourteenth and forty-second sections of the constitution and form of government of this state, which relate to the judges, place, time and manner of holding the several elections therein mentioned, be and the same are hereby abrogated, repealed and annulled, and the same shall hereafter be regulated by law.

And be it enacted, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration of the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a part, of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

An ACT to alter and repeal those parts of the constitution and form of government that make the commissioners of Baltimore-town judges of the elections for delegates and for elector of the senate.

BE *it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That the mayor and second branch of the city council of the city of Baltimore, or any three or more of them, for the time being, shall be judges of the elections for delegates of the city of Baltimore, and for elector of the senate, and shall have and exercise all the rights and authorities respecting such elections which were vested in the commissioners of Baltimore-town, in virtue of the constitution and form a government,

And be it enacted, That all such parts of the constitution and form of government as make the commissioners of Baltimore-town judges of the elections for delegates, and for elector of the senate, be and the same are hereby repealed.

And be it enacted, That this act shall commence and be in force if it shall be published at least three months before the next election of delegates, and shall be confirmed by the general assembly, in their first session after such new election.

An ACT to alter such parts of the declaration of rights, the constitution and form of government, as prevent persons conscientiously scrupulous of taking an oath from being witnesses in all cases.

WHEREAS persons conscientiously scrupulous of taking an oath labour under many and great inconveniencies, owing to their not being admitted to make their solemn affirmation as witnesses in all cases instead of an oath; therefore,

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the people called Quakers, those called Nicolites or New Quakers, those called Tunkers, and those called Menonists, holding it unlawful to take an oath on any occasion, shall be allowed to make their solemn affirmation as witnesses, in the manner that quakers have been heretofore allowed to affirm, which affirmation shall be of the same avail as an oath, to all intents and purposes whatever.

And be it enacted, That before any of the persons aforesaid shall be admitted as a witness in any court of justice in this state, the court shall be satisfied, by such testimony as they may require, that such person is one of those who profess to be conscientiously scrupulous of taking an oath.

And be it enacted, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alterations and amendment of the constitution and form of government therein contained, shall be taken and considered, and shall constitute and be valid, as part of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing in the said declaration of rights, constitution and form of government contained, to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it enacted, That the several clauses and sections of the declaration of rights, constitution and form of government, contrary to the provisions of this act, so far as they respect either of the sects or societies aforesaid, shall be and are hereby declared to be repealed and annulled, on the confirmation hereof.

A Bargain Offered.

I will SELL, on moderate terms,

THAT valuable FARM on Kent Island, lately occupied by Dr. JONATHAN ROBERTS. It is situated immediately opposite to the city of Annapolis, is healthy and commands a very extensive view of the Chesapeake. It contains about three hundred acres of land, and is in very high cultivation. The soil is well adapted to the production of wheat, corn and tobacco. The improvements consist of a good frame dwelling house, a large commodious brick quarter, two valuable tobacco houses, a very convenient cow house, two stables, a granary, carriage house, and every other necessary building that the accommodation of a family could possibly require. There is a very choice collection of every kind of fruit. The apple orchards have not yet reached maturity and now yield about thirty hogsheads of cider, and several hundred bushels of excellent winter apples. The former proprietor of this place being a man of considerable industry and taste has taken uncommon pains to procure not only valuable fruit, but every other tree that are calculated to beautify and adorn a farm. There are several acres covered with locust and black walnut trees, planted by him, and now in perfection. The houses are all in excellent repair, and the fences in good order. There is seeded for the benefit of the purchaser between seventy and eighty bushels of wheat. A small part of the purchase money must be paid on the delivery of the place, which will be on the first day of January next, and an extensive credit will be given for the residue. Bonds, with approved security, will be exacted from the purchaser, and an indisputable title will be given him by

tf JONATHAN R. WILMER.

November 7, 1797.

To be SOLD, on credit,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situated on the Chesapeake Bay, on the north side of Severn river, containing between three and four hundred acres; this land lies within about eighteen miles from the city of Baltimore, and five from the city of Annapolis, it abounds with timber of every kind, a large proportion of which is calculated for ships; the soil is fertile and level, and well adapted for grazing and farming, having a quantity of salt marsh; it abounds with fish, oysters, and wild fowl, in their proper seasons. This tract of land is situated on the Chesapeake Bay, and a navigable creek on the other side, from its situation it can be enclosed with one hundred and fifty pannels of fence; the improvements are, a dwelling-house and two apple orchards. From the advantageous situation of this property it must be an object to persons inclinable to purchase. For terms of sale apply to LEMUEL WARFIELD, Baltimore, or to the subscriber on the Head of Severn, Anne-Arundel county.

p15 tf LANCELOT WARFIELD.

April 7, 1798.

Lands for Sale.

CUMBERLAND MANOR ENLARGED, lying in Allegany county, containing twenty-four thousand four hundred and twenty-four acres of land, by accurate survey, and is marked and bounded round the whole tract, it is situate on the Savage river, which runs through it upwards of twenty miles. This land is heavily wooded with the most valuable timber of every kind that this country produces, and is watered with abundance of fine springs and streams, sufficient for any and every kind of water-works; the soil is generally fertile and particularly adapted to grass. The whole is divided into forty-five lots, containing from four hundred to seven hundred acres each. A great bargain and a long credit will be given to purchasers disposed to settle immediately on the land. The road from Cumberland to Pittsburg runs through the upper part, and the river Patowmack lies within ten miles. Mill-stones of any dimensions may be made on this land, with little trouble, of a superior quality; there are also a great number of sugar trees on it, which will not only be a great convenience, but profitable to settlers. A plot of this land is lodged at the vendue store of Messrs. Yates and Campbell, in Baltimore, with the terms of sale, and should the land not be disposed of at private sale before Thursday the twenty-fourth day of May next, it will on that day be offered at Public auction, at said vendue store, on a credit of one, two, and three years. The following tracts, lying in Allegany county, are likewise offered for sale, to wit: Evitt's Creek Forest, containing four thousand two hundred and sixty-five acres, lying on Evitt's creek, about five miles from the town of Cumberland, and about the same distance from the Patowmack, will be sold, the whole together, or divided into lots of not less than five hundred acres. Commonwealth, containing three thousand eight hundred and seventeen acres, lying on George's creek, about seven miles from the town of West-Port, which is at the mouth of said creek where it empties into the Patowmack; on this tract there is a good tan-yard erected, with sundry other improvements, and seven or eight acres of good timothy meadow; several grist and saw-mills are erected within a few miles of this land; the whole is well watered and wooded, and will be divided into lots, to accommodate purchasers. Water-works, containing three hundred and fifty-two acres and three quarters, lying on Jennings Run; on this tract are several valuable seats for any kind of water works, and plenty of timber and coal; there are two small tenements on it, and lie about nine miles from Cumberland, on the Turkey-foot road. Mount Hope, containing sixty-four and a quarter acres, lying about five miles from Cumberland, and near Cresap's-town; on this tract there is a small settlement. White Walnut Bottom, containing two hundred acres, is a valuable tract, being heavily timbered, and very rich soil, lies on Big Run, about fifteen miles from Cumberland. White Oak Bottom, containing one hundred and three acres. White Oak Level, containing fifty acres. Lee's Desire, containing fifty acres. Prospect, containing fifty acres. Sugar Camps, containing eighty acres. Saw-Mill Seat, containing fifty acres. Hard to Find, containing fifty acres. The Vineyard, containing fifty acres. Cold Rain, containing fifty acres. Chesnut Hill, containing fifty-three acres and a half. Buck Range, containing fifty acres. Neglect, containing fifty acres. Pretty Prospect, containing fifty acres. Poland's Disappointment, containing fixty acres. Dispute, containing fifty acres. Ross's Bad Luck, containing fifty acres. Savage, containing fifty acres. Black Oak Ridge, containing one hundred acres. Beginning of Trouble, containing fifty acres. All the last mentioned tracts are among the first quality of lands in the county, and several of them are improved. For further and more particular information, any person desirous of purchasing will apply to Mr. George Deal, in Cumberland, who will shew the premises and make known the terms of sale. The following tract, lying in Anne-Arundel county, called St. James's Park, containing one hundred and fifteen acres and a half of land, lying on the turnpike road from Baltimore to Frederick-town, and adjoining the Poplar Springs, if not sold at private sale before Saturday the nineteenth day of May next, will on that day be exposed to public sale, at the Poplar Springs; this land is well wooded, has excellent springs, lies level, and is in a very healthy part of the country. Also will be sold, at public sale, on Friday the first day of June next, on the premises, the plantation where Thomas Jean now resides, containing three hundred seven and a half acres of land; on this place are two good apple orchards, fifteen to twenty acres of good meadow ground, and a capital place for a distillery, the stream being supplied by never failing cool springs, and hath a perpendicular fall of twenty feet; this land is bounded on the river Patuxent, and lies in Anne-Arundel county, is distant about fifteen miles from Elk-Ridge Landing, and about seventeen or eighteen miles from the Federal City.

Having a number of tracts of land in several counties in this state, which I wish to dispose of, and for the convenience of those whom said lands may adjoin, the following gentlemen are authorised to contract for, and will give notice, describe, and shew the same, in Harford county, Mr. James Bond, at Belle-Air; in Washington county, Dr. Richard Pindell, at Hagar's-town, and Mr. William Tong, near Hancock-town; in Worcester county, Mr. William Corbin; in Caroline, Mr. John Young; in Dorchester county, Mr. John Craig; in Baltimore county, Mr. Elijah Merryman.

I will exchange lands for a few negro men, on advantageous terms. Any persons wishing to obtain lands, on moderate and reduced prices, will please to apply to the persons above named, or to the subscriber, in the city of Annapolis.

SAMUEL GODMAN.

February 28, 1798.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.